

Glasses

See Dr. Bond and Montgomery;

they will examine and test your eyes free, and if you need glasses, will furnish the right kind—for from \$1.00 up.

WERMOD, JACCORD & KING

BROADWAY, COR. LOCUST

CANONICAL DIVORCE
SOLUTION OF EVILReverend C. M. Davis Holds That
Episcopal Church Legislation,
Just Adopted, Is Remedy for
Menace to Modern Society.

To absolutely prevent the marriage of a divorced person so long as the other party is alive, no matter what the grounds may have been, is, in the opinion of the Very Reverend C. M. Davis, Dean of Christ Church Cathedral, the only solution of the evil which, he said, is now threatening society.

He heartily endorses the action taken by the General Synod of the Episcopal Church, which is now in session in Canada, on this question.

The Canadian branch of the Anglican Church, is the first of that body to positively prohibit the marriage of either the man or woman whom the courts have separated, as long as the other is living. While he personally holds to this opinion, Dean Davis said he doubts if the Episcopal Church of America will go further than her present legislation, which was enacted at the last general convention in Boston last fall.

The new law of the Episcopal Church in this country relative to marriage, which became effective at the first of the year, provides that no minister, knowingly, after due inquiry, shall solemnize the marriage of any person who has been, or is the husband or wife of another person then living, from whom she or he has been divorced for any cause arising after marriage.

The canon shall not be held to apply to the innocent party in a divorce for adultery, provided that, before the application for such a marriage, a period of not less than one year shall have elapsed after the granting of the divorce, and that satisfactory evidence touching the facts in the case, including a copy of the court decree and record, if possible, with proof that the defendant was personally served or appeared in the action, be laid before the minister.

The new Canadian canon, said Dean Davis, is a step in the right direction, but some persons, but where the general good of the church and of society is in question, the individual cannot be considered.

FATHER GREEN'S DEATH
MOURNED IN ST. LOUIS.Victim of Yellow Fever in New Orleans
Was Connected With
Jesuit School Here.

The death of the Reverend Father Louis E. Green, who became a victim of yellow fever while ministering to the wants of the stricken in New Orleans, is greatly lamented at St. Louis University, and by many priests of this city, where he had a large acquaintance.

Father Green was born in England in 1860, and entered the Jesuit novitiate at Florissant in 1882. His philosophical studies at the St. Louis University, and his theology in Montreal.

His final examinations for the priesthood were made at St. Louis University. Father Green was ordained in June, 1888. After his ordination he lectured for several important offices in the society.

For the last four years he was assistant pastor of the large Jesuit church of the Immaculate Conception in New Orleans, as well as superintendent of the parochial school.

Since the epidemic began he has been unceasing in his attention to the sick. It was just after administering the last sacraments to a dying person in the Italian district that Father Green was stricken.

SPANISH JESUITS TO PREPARE FOR PHILIPPINE MISSIONS.

Two Jesuit priests and one scholar arrived at St. Louis University yesterday morning from Manila to prepare for the studies in the Philippines.

The Jesuits are to be sent to the Philippines to work in the islands, and the Jesuits were among the first to respond.

The Jesuits have a thorough knowledge of English one of the requirements for admission into the society, and in this respect the Jesuits are well qualified to work in the Philippines.

ARCHBISHOP GLENNON SAILS FROM QUEENSTOWN.

Archbishop Glennon sailed from Queenstown Sunday morning and is due to arrive at St. Louis on September 15.

Immediately on his return the Archbishop will prepare a draft of the material for the new constitution of the archdiocese, which will meet in Kenrick Seminary October 6.

NEWS FROM THE CITY CHURCHES.

Doctor Young to Speak at Cabaniss E. Church Here.

The Reverend Doctor J. H. Young of Wagner Place M. E. Church will speak at the revival service this evening in Cabaniss E. Church.

The ministers of the M. E. Church, South, will adjourn their weekly meetings until the first Monday of October because of the annual conference next week in Carthage.

The Reverend Doctor W. F. McMurry of Centenary M. E. Church will lecture Friday night at First M. E. Church on "That Day of Yours." The lecture will be in connection with a rally, which will terminate the conference year.

The Reverend William Lethman of Carondelet M. E. Church addressed the Methodist ministers here this morning on "The Inspiration of the Holy Spirit."

Members of Third Baptist Church will give a reception to the Reverend Doctor and Mrs. Williamson, who have just returned from their trip abroad, at the church Thursday night.

"PERRY DAY" AT NEWPORT.

Warships Present Spectacular Feature at Night Celebration.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 11.—"Perry Day," the most important day in "Old Home" week in this city and named in honor of Rhode Island's naval hero, Commodore Perry, was observed to-day. A statue of Perry was handsomely decorated, as was also the old stone mill.

To-night both city and harbor were brilliantly illuminated. The flag ship Texas and the monitors Nevada, Florida and Arkansas were outlined in electric lights.

The most spectacular feature of the marine illumination, however, was the playing of the searchlights from all the warships upon the American flag on the signal mast of the vessels. There was also beautiful electric display at the torpedo station.

WRIGHT = COMSTOCK
FURNITURE
Broadway and
Locust, The Shopping
(ALL CASES) Center.NEW and EXCLUSIVE
THINGS EVERY DAY.You Have Not Seen the
Best Until You Have
Seen OURS.SHAW MAY ADVISE
REMEDY FOR TARIFFLegislation Looking to Removal
of Severe Features, Which
Caused Russia's Retaliation in
1901, May Be Recommended.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The State Department has not yet been informed officially of the action of the Russian Government in revoking the clause imposing maximum tariff rates on certain American articles of import, principally machinery and metal goods.

Ever since last spring Ambassador Meyer, acting under instructions of the department, has been trying to secure a removal of these restrictions on American trade, which have been very disastrous, especially to a large and increasing business in agricultural implements and machinery.

It was for a time expected that the desired result could be secured by the making of an agreement between the United States and Russia under section 3 of the McKinley act, but the Russian Government finally concluded that it would recede the clause voluntarily and without exacting a return favor.

EXPECT LARGE SALES.

Consequently, American cast and wrought metal work, tools, machinery, portable engines, locomotives and many other important staple exports which were being fairly driven out of the Russian market by the competition of German and English machinery, favored by the minimum tariff rates, are now expected to have an enormous sale, not only in Russia proper, but in Siberia, which will develop rapidly from an agricultural point of view, as a result of the cessation of hostilities.

It is understood that Secretary Shaw will recommend to Congress legislation calculated to remove some of the severe features of existing tariff laws providing for the imposition of a countervailing duty on bounty-aided sugar, the application of which by Secretary Gage in 1902 caused the revocation of the Russian tariff, and also the clause in the McKinley act, embodied in the clause directed against American machinery.

It is further understood that the Russian Government has agreed to a reduction of the tariff on American machinery, which has imposed maximum rates on American products, is about to voluntarily recede the clause, and allow exporters the benefit of the minimum tariff rates.

FOUR-YEAR-OLD BOY SHORN
OF CURLS BY YOUNGSTERS.Little Nathan Flinn Runs Home Crying
With Matted Hair and
Some of His Scalp Gone.

When Little Nathan Flinn left his home at No. 128 Morgan street yesterday afternoon to play, his head was covered with curls.

When he returned home crying, half an hour later, the curls were missing. His head looked as if it had been run over by a lawn mower. Some places were nearly bare of hair, while others had only tufts like the weeds that grow in the desert.

"Huh, look at de curly head!" cried one of the boys several years older than Nathan, whose age is 4, when they saw him on the sidewalk.

A pair of scissors was produced and Nathan was led into the alley. Here the work was done. In the operation Nathan's scalp was clipped several times and it will take several days before the hair grows back.

The boy's father, hurried with him to the Four Courts and allowed the boys to clip the curls applied to the lad's head to make the hair.

Chief Deputy Captain Johnson of the Fourth District to have a thorough investigation made, and the boys were taken into custody for their offense in the juvenile court.

TREATY MAY HASTEN DAY
OF PACIFIC SEAL PROTECTION.Russia-Japan Peace Conductive to
International Agreement Barring
Pelagic Fishing.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Peace between Russia and Japan makes it possible for the United States to take steps toward the sealing industry in the Pacific.

The United States, Russia and Japan are the most interested in this industry, the two first profiting from the seals, and the third from the seal oil.

The great evil to be corrected is pelagic sealing, the open sea, where the profit of pelagic sealing is so great that a large fleet of sealers put out semi-annual expeditions to the open sea, where they come up to the breeding grounds, or rookeries, in the spring the slaughter is very cruel.

Experts believe the ideal solution would be an international agreement prohibiting taking seals at all in the open sea.

Freight Handlers Ask Conference.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Freight handlers sent a request to twenty-two railroads to-day for a conference with the companies' managers by 10 a. m. Wednesday at which they would submit demands for a wage increase of approximately 10 per cent.

If the request is refused, it is the plan of the union leaders to submit to the public vote immediately the question of calling a general strike of union freight handlers. What the railroad will do is a problem.

It is reported that at least two of the railroads, the Lake Shore and the Illinois Central, had secured the use of a load of coal to establish barracks for the strike-breakers in the event of a strike.

Vandalia Ambulatory Convention.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

Sorrento, Ill., Sept. 11.—The Vandalia District Presbytery of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church will convene here to-morrow for a three days session.

The Reverend Doctor Fullerton of St. Louis will deliver the opening prayer.

The Reverend J. M. Newman of this place is the retiring moderator.

Steam Engineers of Toronto.

Toronto, Sept. 11.—The ninth annual convention of the International Union of Steam Engineers opened here to-day.

Arts and Crafts
HUNDREDS OF
NEW IDEAS.
UNEQUALLED CHOICE AND EXTRA QUALITYATTRACTIVE NEW
UPHOLSTERIES
LOW PRICED—ARTISTIC.
Shown in Modern Dark Rooms.
Receptions—Parlor Groups—Solid Suits.EFFICIENCY
IN
ILLUMINATIONHas been reached, demonstrated and proven
after many experiments by the celebrated
Humphrey Gas Arc Lamps.
YOU SEE THEM EVERYWHERE.

These lamps are constructed on scientific principles, giving extra high candle power, and so devised that they furnish a better, brighter and steadier light, illuminating a greater area with more uniform brilliancy than any other lamp.

When installed in stores and show windows, they create and attract attention, display your goods to best advantage and lead an air of wide-awake publicity and enterprise.

In factories it enables employees to turn out more and better work. It is unsurpassed for halls, lodgerooms or any large floor spaces.

Humphrey Gas Arc Lamps—Price \$10.00.
Payable \$3 time of order, balance \$1 monthly; delivered and installed FREE.

All housewives are invited to attend our FREE illustrated lecture on "The Economical Use of Gas," to be held at No. 2426 Cass ave. (Caine-Miller Bldg. Co.), Sept. 13-15, inclusive.

PAY YOUR GAS BILLS WITHOUT FEE AT OUR SUBSTATIONS.
(See locations on back of gas bills.)THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.,
716 LOCUST STREET.FILES
NO MONEY
TILL CUREDCLAIM BROWNE WAS NOT
FORCED TO RESIGN PLACE.Interior Department Official Denies
That Champagne Supper to Actress
Led to Resignation of Clerk.

The Republic Bureau.

Washington, Sept. 11.—J. George Wright, United States Indian Inspector for the Indian Territory, has submitted to officials of the Interior Department today and it is said that none has been offered by Inspector Browne.

Browne was employed August 1 on the recommendation of Inspector Wright. He was to receive \$100 a month as a clerk to keep the records of the collection of the tribal tax from merchants of the Creek Nation. No information was available at the Interior Department today and it is said that none has been offered by Inspector Browne.

However, in connection with the champagne supper and the subsequent marriage, it is stated that the resignation of Wright was an exceedingly modest affair, and that the woman whom he married, Miss Margaret of the Irma Opera Company, was a friend of five years' standing and not a mere casual acquaintance. The deposed clerk stoutly maintains that the celebration in question was merely a happy little wedding supper, the culmination of a long courtship.

The Indian Inspector, in his preliminary report to officials here, has submitted nothing contradictory of Browne's explanation, indicating that he accepts it and that the resignation was voluntary. Mail advices from the Territory are expected in a day or two.

Browne was appointed from Boone, Ia., but his father is said to be a prominent Chicago railroad man.

BRIDE ELECT CHANGES MIND.

Two-Hour Delay Fatal to Fiance's
Aspirations.

A two-hour delay was fatal to the matrimonial aspirations of a prospective young bride, who called at the home of her fiance, John J. Schaefer, in Clayton, at 10 o'clock Sunday night, and requested a license.

He was accompanied by a young woman who, he said, was his bride-elect. Schaefer told them that they would have to wait until 12 o'clock, as he did not issue licenses on Sunday.

"It is to-night or never," said the would-be bride, and Schaefer, as he drove away and told him he would be back.

Promptly at midnight the couple returned, but the young woman refused to get out of the buggy. Her fiance, who had waited for her, drove away and drove away disgusted. Schaefer failed to get their fines.

MARRYING JUSTICES MEET.

Clayton Judge Compares Notes
With Utah Squire.

Justice J. B. Greenfield of Clayton returned yesterday from Salt Lake City, where he met the marrying Justice of a Gretna Green near that place and compared notes with him on the laying of foundations of marital bliss.

Justice Greenfield's reputation as the marrying Justice of the Missouri Gretna Green has gotten beyond the confines of the State, and the Salt Lake City Justice visited him when he heard he was in Utah. According to Salt Lake City papers it was found that that place and county could not do any better than second in the race.

Justice Greenfield was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Ella Belle Greenfield. Besides Salt Lake, they visited Portland, Yellowstone Park, Colorado Springs, Marquette and other points of interest to Western tourists. They were gone two months.

PRESIDENT'S CANAL POLICY
IS HELD STRICTLY SECRET.Formal Statement Made at Luncheon
to Board in Withheld From
Public Knowledge.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Sept. 11.—Members of the board of the consulting engineers of the Panama Canal took luncheon with the President at Sagamore Hill to-day. Canal matters were discussed, it being held for this purpose that the luncheon was given.

The President received the members of the board in the handsome new trophy room, the presentations being made by General Leavenworth, during luncheon, who followed immediately, and at which Doctor Albert Shaw, editor of the Review of Reviews, and John Burritt, United States Minister to Colombia, also were guests, the discussion of canal matters was general, but informal.

At the conclusion of the luncheon the President made a brief but formal statement to the board, in which he outlined definitely the policy to be followed in the canal construction.

That statement was not made public, it being deemed desirable that for the present it be for the information of members of the board only.

The engineers remained in conference with the President until 3 o'clock, when they returned to the City, which sailed immediately for New York.

Confessed Deserter Caught.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Sept. 11.—W. C. Rowe, a deserter from the United States Army at Fort Leavenworth, in Kansas, was arrested here to-day and will be taken to Fort Logan H. Root, at Little Rock. He acknowledged that he was the man wanted.

CONDITIONS OF ALL CROPS
EXCEED TEN-YEAR AVERAGE

Minnesota Shows an Increase of Seventeen Points—Oklahoma and Indian Territory Have Gains of Eight and Nine Points—Nebraska Leads With Difference of Eighteen—Spring Wheat Twenty-One Points Above Same Month of Last Year—Oats Better in Every Great Producing State—Barley, Rye, Buckwheat, Flax, Tobacco, Potatoes, and Rice Gain.

STOCK HOLDINGS TWO POINTS ABOVE SEVEN-YEAR AVERAGE.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The Department of Agriculture at noon to-day issued the following crop bulletin:

The Crop Estimating Board of the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Agriculture finds from the reports of correspondents and agents of the bureau as follows:

The condition of corn on September 1 was 80.5, as compared with 59 last month, 84.5 on September 1, 1901, 80.1 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a ten-year average of 81.7.

The following table shows for each of the States having 1,000,000 acres or upward in corn the condition on September 1 with the ten-year September averages:

States	Sept. 1, 1903	Ten-Year Average
Illinois	80.5	82.0
Iowa	79.5	81.0
Nebraska	80.5	81.0
Kansas	79.5	80.0
Texas	79.5	80.0
Missouri	79.5	80.0
Indiana	79.5	80.0
Georgia	79.5	80.0
Tennessee	79.5	80.0
Kentucky	79.5	80.0
Ohio	79.5	80.0
Alabama	79.5	80.0
North Carolina	79.5	80.0
Arkansas	79.5	80.0
Michigan	79.5	80.0
South Carolina	79.5	80.0
Alabama	79.5	80.0
South Dakota	79.5	80.0
Indian Territory	79.5	80.0
Minnesota	79.5	80.0
Wisconsin	79.5	80.0
Pennsylvania	79.5	80.0
Louisiana	79.5	80.0
Michigan	79.5	80.0
United States	80.5	81.7

CONDITION OF WHEAT.

The average condition of spring wheat when harvested was 82.2. The second year that spring wheat has been separately reported upon on Sept. 1, comparison can therefore, only be made with the condition one month ago, which was 80.2 and with that reported Sept. 1, 1901, which was 82.2. The condition of the five principal States is reported as follows:

Minnesota, 80.5; North Dakota, 80.5; South Dakota, 80.5; Iowa, 80.5; and Washington, 80.5.

The average condition of the crop when harvested was 80.5, against 80.5 last month, 80.5 reported Sept. 1, 1901, 80.5 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a ten-year average of 81.4.

The following table shows for each of the five principal crop States the condition when harvested as reported on Sept. 1, with the ten-year averages:

States	Sept. 1, 1903	Ten-Year Average
Iowa	80.5	81.0
Minnesota	80.5	82.0
Wisconsin	80.5	81.0
Nebraska	80.5	81.0
Kansas	80.5	80.0
North Dakota	80.5	80.0
South Dakota	80.5	80.0
United States	80.5	81.4

BARLEY AND RYE.

The average condition of barley when harvested was 80.5, against 80.5 on August 1, 1902, 80.5 reported September 1, 1901, 80.5 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a ten-year average of 81.4.

The average condition of rye when harvested was 80.5, against 80.5 on August 1, 1902, 80.5 reported September 1, 1901, 80.5 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a ten-year average of 81.4.

Don't trifle with the Safety Valve

COFFEE accelerates and over-works the Heart!

This is how it stimulates, and why such stimulation is dangerous.

Over-work weakens and "runs down" a Heart, just as it would a horse.

A Heart that is "run down" continually cries out for more coffee and generally gets it—till the abnormal condition results in heart failure or nervous prostration.

Nature sets the pace at which the Heart should beat, just as the Government Inspector sets the safety-valve on a steam boiler—at the highest pressure which it can safely carry.

Tampering with the "safety-valve" is risky.

"Coffee-heart" is the penalty for forcing (with coffee) more work from Heart and Nerves than food supports them in doing.

And—Coffee-heart now debars many people from getting life insurance—an ominous fact worth pondering over.

Postum cures "Coffee-heart" and rebuilds nerve tissue, while having the rich flavor of fine old Government Java.

Because—Postum is made from the outer coats of wheat, in which are located the Phosphate and Potash that feed Brain and Nerve up to normal condition, so that they feel as good all day as coffee makes them feel for a few minutes in the day.

These outer coats do not give up their full contents of Phosphate of Potash, except by thorough boiling—as in Postum.

"Coffee-heart," Dyspepsia, and Nervousness generally disappear when "Postum" has displaced Coffee six weeks.

A ten-day trial will show marked improvement.

"There's a reason"

Postum

Food Coffee.

Postum